IN THE CLAIMS

1.-22. (cancelled).

23. (Previously presented) A method for capturing a frame image from a first computer within a conferencing system comprising:

receiving a user selection of at least one area of a display of the first computer;

translating the user selection to boundary positions around the at least one area, wherein the boundary positions are settable to positions independent of the boundaries of the display and independent of the boundaries of any window on the display; and

selecting the frame image within the boundary positions for capture.

24. (Previously presented) The method of claim 23 further comprising displaying the frame boundary positions on the display.

25. (Previously presented) The method of claim 23 wherein the frame image is a subset of the image displayed by the display.

26. (Previously presented) The method of claim 23 wherein the at least one area comprises a plurality of areas and the plurality of areas can overlap.

27. (Previously presented) The method of claim 23 further comprising transmitting the selected frame image to a second computer in the conferencing system.

28. (Previously presented) The method of claim 27 wherein the selected frame image is divided into subregions for efficient transmission.

29. (Previously presented) The method of claim 27 further comprising transcoding selected frame image data from a first image data form of the first computer to a second image data form of the second computer.

30. (Previously presented) The method of claim 27 further comprising receiving a signal at the first computer after the second computer receives the selected frame image.

31. (Previously presented) The method of claim 23 wherein the boundary positions are automatically adjusted when the at least one area is moved or resized.

32. (Previously presented) A method for presenting images in a conference system comprising:

selecting at least one region of a display image on a first computer to be displayed on at least one second computer;

capturing an image within each selected region; and

transmitting data associated with the capture image to the at least one second computer.

33. (Previously presented) The method of claim 32 further comprising transcoding data associated with the capture dimage from a first image data form to a second image data form.

34. (Previously presented) The method of claim 32 wherein the at least one region is a subset of the display image.

35. (Previously presented) The method of claim 32 wherein the transmitting further comprises dividing the captured image into subregions.

36. (Previously presented) The method of claim 32 wherein the selecting occurs on a screen display.

37. (Previously presented) The method of claim 32 wherein the selecting occurs in a memory representation of a display.

38. (Previously presented) The method of claim 32 wherein the selecting comprises selecting a plurality of regions of the display image, the plurality of regions may overlap.

39. (Previously presented) The method of claim 32 wherein the capturing comprises storing in a buffer the data associated with the captured image.

40. (Previously presented) The method of claim 32 further comprising receiving a signal at the first computer after the at least one second computer receives data associated with the captured image.

41. (Previously presented) A computer readable medium having embodied thereon a program, the program being executable by a machine to perform a method for capturing a frame image from a first computer within a conferencing system, the method comprising:

receiving a user selection of at least one area of a display of the first computer;

translating the user selection to boundary positions around the at least one area, wherein the boundary positions are settable to positions independent of the boundaries of the display and independent of the boundaries of any window on the display; and

selecting the frame image within the boundary positions.

42. (Previously presented) A system for capturing a frame image from a first computer within a conferencing system, comprising:

means for receiving a user selection of at least one area of a display of the first computer;

means for translating the user selection to boundary positions around the at least one area, wherein the boundary positions are settable to positions independent of the boundaries of the display and independent of the boundaries of any window on the display; and

means for selecting the frame image within the boundary positions.